TOWN OF WARRENTON, NORTH CAROLINA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2012

Town Council Members
Walter M. Gardner Jr., Mayor
Woody King, Mayor Pro Tem
John E. Blalock
Julius Banzet, III
Mary Hunter
Robert Davie
John Mooring
Audrey Tippett

Administrative and Financial Staff

Bettie Davis, Town Clerk

TOWN OF WARRENTON TABLE OF CONTENTS JUNE 30, 2012

		<u>Page</u>
	Independent Auditor's Report	3-4
	Management's Discussion and Analysis	5-14
BASIC FINA	NCIAL STATEMENTS	
GOVERNME	NT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Exhibit 1	Statement of Net Assets	17
Exhibit 2	Statement of Activities	18
FUND FINAN	NCIAL STATEMENTS	
Exhibit 3	Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	20
Exhibit 3	Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	-
Exhibit 4	to the Statement of Net Assets Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	21
EXIIIDIL 4	In Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	22
Exhibit 4	Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and	22
	Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the	
	Statement of Activities	23
Exhibit 5	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
	Fund Balances-Annual Budget and Actual-General Fund	24
Exhibit 6	Statement of Fund Net Assets-Proprietary Funds	25-26
Exhibit 7	Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund	27
Exhibit 8	Net Assets-Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows-Proprietary Funds	27 28-29
EXIIIUIT 9	Statement of Cash Flows-Flophetary Funds	20-29
NOTES TO T	HE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	31-48
COMBINING	AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES	
Governmental	Funds	
Exhibit A-	1 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	
	In Fund Balance-Budget and Actual-General Fund	50-54

TOWN OF WARRENTON TABLE OF CONTENTS JUNE 30, 2012

Enterprise Fund		
	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes In Fund Balance-Budget and Actual-Wastewater Treatment Fund (Non-GAAP) Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	55-56
	In Fund Balance-Budget and Actual-Water And Sewer Fund (Non-GAAP) Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	57-58
Eamon B-3	In Fund Balance-Budget and Actual-Water and Sewer Capital Projects Fund (Non-GAAP)	59
OTHER SCHE	DULES	
Exhibit C-1 Exhibit C-2	Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable Analysis of Current Tax Levy	61 62
COMPLIAN	CE SECTION	
Based on an	ompliance and On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting audit of Financial Statements Performed in accordance with Auditing Standards	64-65
	Findings and Questioned Costs	66-67
Corrective A	ction Plan	68
Summary Sc	hedule of Prior Year Audit Findings	69

Winston, Williams, Creech, Evans, & Company, LLP

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Board of Commissioners Town of Warrenton, North Carolina

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town of Warrenton, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Town of Warrenton's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these basic financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, based on our audit, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town of Warrenton, North Carolina, as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where appropriate, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 29, 2012 on our consideration of the Town of Warrenton's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. The purpose of the report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information,





although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Warrenton's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules and other schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Winston, Williams, Creech, Evans & Co., LLP

Certified Public Accountants October 24, 2012

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Town of Warrenton, we offer readers of the Town of Warrenton's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

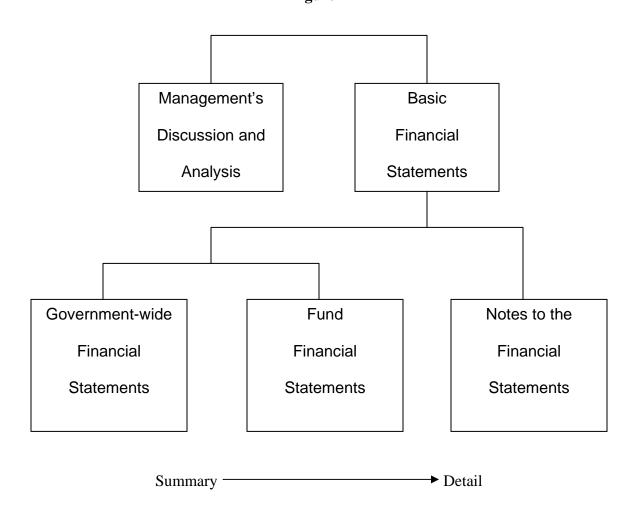
Financial Highlights

- The assets of the Town of Warrenton exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$ 4,665,496 (net assets).
- The government's total net assets increased by \$14,977, primarily due to increases in the government-type activities net assets.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$518,552 an increase of \$37,230 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 36.84 percent of this total amount, or 191,038, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassiagned fund balance for the General Fund was \$191,038, or 20.25 percent of total general fund expenditures for the fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Town of Warrenton's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements consist of three components; 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the Town through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Town of Warrenton.

Required Components of Annual Financial Report Figure 1



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the Town's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 8) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the town's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are three parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; and 3) the proprietary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the Town's

individual funds. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Town's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets are the difference between the Town's total assets and total liabilities. Measuring net assets is one way to gauge the Town's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into two categories: 1) governmental activities and 2) business-type activities. The governmental activities include most of the Town's basic services such as public safety, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the Town charges customers to provide. These include the water and sewer services offered by the Town.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements (see Figure 2) provide a more detailed look at the Town's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Warrenton, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Town's budget ordinance. All of the funds of the Town of Warrenton can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the Town's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting that provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Town's programs. The

relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The Town of Warrenton adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Town of Warrenton, the management of the Town of Warrenton, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Town complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the Town succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the board; 2) the final budget as amended by the board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges. To account for the difference between the budgetary basis of accounting and the modified accrual basis, a reconciliation showing the differences in the reported activities is shown at the end of the budgetary statement.

Proprietary Funds – The Town of Warrenton has one kind of proprietary funds. Enterprise Funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town of Warrenton uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer activity. These funds are the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements are on pages 31-47 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The Town of Warrenton's Net Assets
Figure 2

	Governmental Activities				Busine:	<i>-</i> .	Total				
	2012		2011		2012	2011	2012			2011	
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 595,354 114,607	\$	562,754 167,658	\$	405,430 3,964,327	\$	323,063 4,104,278	\$	1,000,784 4,078,934	\$	885,817 4,271,936
Total assets	709,961		730,412		4,369,757		4,427,341		5,079,718		5,157,753
Long-term liabilities outstanding Other liabilities Total liabilities	74,516 86,193 160,709		136,920 74,872 211,792		142,985 110,528 253,513		186,213 95,637 281,850		217,501 196,721 414,222		323,133 170,509 493,642
Net assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	(10,453) 327,514 232,191		(15,910) 359,856 174,674		3,856,617 - 259,627		3,953,054 - 192,437		3,846,164 327,514 491,818		3,937,144 359,856 367,111
Total net assets, as restated	\$ 549,252	\$	518,620	\$	4,116,244	\$	4,145,491	\$	4,665,496	\$	4,664,111

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets of the Town of Warrenton exceeded liabilities by \$4,665,496 as of June 30, 2012. The Town of Warrenton's net assets increased by \$14,977 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. A portion reflects the Town's investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those items. The Town of Warrenton uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town of Warrenton's investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the Town of Warrenton's net assets (7.02%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$491,818 is unrestricted.

Several particular aspects of the Town's financial operations positively influenced the total unrestricted net assets:

• Receipt of police CHRP grant

Town of Warrenton Changes in Net Assets

Figure 3

		Governmental Business-type Activities Activities				Total	Total	
		2012		2011	2012	2011	2012	2011
Revenues: Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	166,622	\$	166,897	\$ 1,284,789	\$ 1,314,662	\$ 1,451,411	\$ 1,481,559
Operating grants and contributions	-	73,848		65,909	-	-	73,848	65,909
Capital grants and contributions		· -		, <u>-</u>	68,260	181,331	68,260	181,331
General revenues:								
Property taxes		435,852		463,622	-	-	435,852	463,622
Other taxes		241,678		256,542	-	-	241,678	256,542
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs					-			
Other		20,600		14,852	26,456	23,088	47,056	37,940
Total revenues		938,600		967,822	1,379,505	1,519,081	2,318,105	2,486,903
Expenses: General government Public safety Highways/streets Economic development Environmental protection Interest on long-term debt Water and sewer Total expenses		150,733 525,546 159,122 - 90,864 6,299 - 932,564		137,928 577,567 113,991 - 104,995 4,774 - 939,255	1,370,564	- - - - - 1,341,081 1,341,081	150,733 525,546 159,122 - 90,864 6,299 1,370,564 2,303,128	137,928 577,567 113,991 - 104,995 4,774 1,341,081 2,280,336
Transfers		33,147		28,972	(33,147)	(28,972)	-	-
Increase in net assets		39,183		57,539	(24,206)	149,028	14,977	206,567
Net assets, July 1 as restated		510,069		461,081	4,140,450	3,996,463	4,650,519	4,457,544
Net assets, June 30	\$	549,252	\$	518,620	\$ 4,116,244	\$ 4,145,491	\$ 4,665,496	\$ 4,664,111

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the Town's net assets by \$39,183, thereby accounting for 261.63% of the increase in the net assets of the Town of Warrenton. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

• Receipt of a Police CHRP grant in the amount of \$46,763

Business-type activities: Business-type activities decreased the Town of Warrenton's net assets by \$24,206. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Charges for services in the water and sewer fund decreased \$ 23,246
- There were no lease proceeds in the current fiscal year

Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

As noted earlier, the town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Town of Warrenton's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Warrenton's financing requirements. Specifically, unreserved fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Warrenton. At the end of the current fiscal year, Town of Warrenton's fund balance available in the General Fund was \$263,892, while total fund balance reached \$518,552. The Governing Body of Town of Warrenton has determined that the Town should maintain an available fund balance of 20% of general fund expenditures in case of unforeseen needs or opportunities, in addition to meeting the cash flow needs of the Town. The Town currently has an available fund balance of 27.98% of general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 54.97% of the same amount.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights: During the fiscal year, the Town revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

Revenues were less than the budgeted amounts primarily because the sales tax refund has not been received yet and utility franchise tax received was less than anticipated.

Total expenditures were slightly less than budgeted.

Expenditures and revenues were favorable to budget resulting in an increase in fund balance of \$37,230, as opposed to a budgeted decrease of \$18,518.

Proprietary Funds. The Town's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net assets of the Wastewater Treatment Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to (\$140,621), and those for the Water and Sewer Fund amounted to \$4,256,865. The total growth (decrease) in net assets for both funds was \$9,943 and (\$34,149) respectively. Other factors concerning the finances of these two funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the Town's business-type activities.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The Town of Warrenton's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business—type activities as of June 30, 2012, totals \$4,078,934 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, improvements, land, machinery and equipment, and vehicles.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include the following additions (there were no significant demolitions or disposals):

- Purchase of a pump for the Water and Sewer department in the amount of \$10,947.
- Purchase of a mower and hoist for the Wastewater Treatment fund in the amount of \$12,672.
- One vehicle was transferred from the Water and Sewer department to the Police department.

Town of Warrenton's Capital Assets Figure 4

(net of depreciation)

	G overn Activ		B usin e Activ		To	otal		
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2011		2011	
Land	\$ 1,000	\$ 1 ,0 00	\$ 5,250	\$ 5,250	\$ 6,250	\$	6,250	
Buildings and systems	5,769	6,178	137,974	141,980	143,743		148,158	
Improvements	-	-	162,606	-	162,606		-	
Water and Sewer Lines	-	-	3,433,557	3,644,500	3,433,557		3,644,500	
Machinery and equipment	20,471	27,493	118,316	118,422	138,787		145,915	
Vehicles and motorized equipment	87,367	132,987	55,324	76,003	142,691		208,990	
Construction in progress			51,300	118,123	51,300		118,123	
Total	\$ 114,607	\$ 167,658	\$ 3,964,327	\$ 4,104,278	\$ 4,078,934	\$	4,271,936	

Additional information on the Town of Warrenton's capital assets can be found in note III of the Basic Financial Statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following key economic indicators reflect the growth and prosperity of the Town of Warrenton.

• Warrenton is a municipality of Warren County. Warren County has experienced an unemployment rate of 12.8% at June 30, 2012, which is much higher than the state average of 9.9%.

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2013

Governmental Activities:

In the 2012-2013 budget the Town Board of Commissioners did not budget for any appropriation of fund balance. The Town anticipates the tax rate to remain the same. The Town anticipates continuing to receive a federal COPS grant that will fund an officer position for one additional year.

Business – type Activities:

In the 2012-2013 budget the Town Board of Commissioners did not budget for any appropriation of fund balance. The Town anticipates rates to remain the same.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Town of Warrenton finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Mr. Robert Davie, Administrator, Town of Warrenton, P O Box 281, Warrenton, NC 27589.





TOWN OF WARRENTON, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

June 30, 2012

		Primary C	overnment	t		Totals
		vernmental		isiness-type		June 30,
Assets	<i>F</i>	Activities		Activities		2012
Current Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$	191,543	\$	381,557	\$	573,100
Restricted Cash	Ψ	72,854	Ψ	301,337	Ψ	72,854
Receivables (net):		72,034				72,034
Taxes		49,041		-		49,041
Accrued interest receivable		•				,
on taxes		12,844		-		12,844
Accounts Receivable		72,576		165,464		238,040
Inventory		-		54,905		54,905
Internal Balances		196,496		(196,496)		-
Total current assets		595,354		405,430		1,000,784
Capital Assets (Note 1)						
Land, non-depreciable improvements						
and constuction in progress		1,000		56,550		57,550
Other capital assets, net of						
depreciation		113,607		3,907,777		4,021,384
Total Capital assets		114,607		3,964,327		4,078,934
Total Assets	\$	709,961	\$	4,369,757	\$	5,079,718
Liabilities:						
Current Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	505	\$	39,597	\$	40,102
Accrued payroll		14,412		9,718		24,130
Accrued expenses		-		565		565
Accrued interest payable		3,051		-		3,051
Current portion of vacation pay		17,681		15,317		32,998
Current portion of long-term		50.544		45.001		05.055
debt		50,544		45,331		95,875
Long-term Liabilities Accrued vacation pay				2,550		2,550
Customer deposits		-		78,056		78,056
Non-current portion of long-		_		76,030		76,030
term debt		74,516		62,379		136,895
Total Liabilities		160,709		253,513		414,222
Net Assets:						
Invested in capital assets,						
net of related debt		(10,453)		3,856,617		3,846,164
Restricted for						
Stabilization by State Statute		254,660		-		254,660
Streets		72,854		-		72,854
Unrestricted		232,191		259,627		491,818
Total Net Assets	\$	549,252	\$	4,116,244	\$	4,665,496

TOWN OF WARRENTON, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

					Pro	ogram Revenue	. c		Net	ue and Changes	Changes in Net Assets ernment				
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities			Total	
Primary government:															
Governmental Activities:	¢	150,733	Φ	15,840	ф		¢		¢	(124.902)	ф		ф	(124.902)	
General government Public Safety	\$	525,546	Ф	2,510	Ф	- 16 763	\$	-	\$	(134,893) (476,273)	Ф	-	\$	(134,893) (476,273)	
Transportation		159,122		2,310		46,763 27,085		-		(132,037)				(132,037)	
Economic Development		139,122		148,272		27,003		_		148,272				148,272	
Environmental protection		90,864		140,272		_		_		(90,864)				(90,864)	
Interest on long-term debt		6,299		_		_		_		(6,299)				(6,299)	
Total governmental activities	\$	932,564	\$	166,622	\$	73,848	\$		\$	(692,094)	\$	-	\$	(692,094)	
Business-type activities:															
Wastewater Treatment	\$	466,889	\$	258,515					\$	-	\$	(208,374)	\$	(208,374)	
Water and sewer		903,675		1,026,274				68,260		-		190,859		190,859	
	\$	1,370,564	\$	1,284,789	\$	-	\$	68,260			\$	(17,515)	\$	(17,515)	
Total primary government	\$	2,303,128	\$	1,451,411	\$	73,848	\$	68,260	\$	(692,094)	\$	(17,515)	\$	(709,609)	
	T W Gai Tra Net	Other taxes Unrestricted if Miscellaneou in on sale of unsfers Total gen- Change ir	xes, inve s ass eral eral ginn	revenues, sp t assets ing, as restar	ngs pecial	purpose items, transfers			\$	435,852 241,678 123 18,464 2,013 33,147 731,277 39,183 510,069 549,252	\$	645 25,811 - (33,147) (6,691) (24,206) 4,140,450 4,116,244	\$	435,852 241,678 768 44,275 2,013 - 724,586 14,977 4,650,519 4,665,496	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.



TOWN OF WARRENTON, NORTH CAROLINA BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2012

	GENER	GENERAL FUND					
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	191,543	\$	191,543			
Restricted Cash		72,854		72,854			
Receivables (net):							
Taxes		49,041		49,041			
Property taxes receivable from the County		2,487		2,487			
Franchise Tax Receivable		18,987		18,987			
Sales Tax Receivable		25,133		25,133			
Sales Tax Refund Due		14,966		14,966			
ABC Receivable		-		-			
Grant receivable		11,003		11,003			
Due from other funds		196,496		196,496			
Total Assets		582,510		582,510			
Liabilities and Fund Balances							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		505		505			
Accrued payroll		14,412		14,412			
Deferred revenues		49,041		49,041			
Total Liabilities		63,958		63,958			
Fund Balances:							
Restricted							
Stabilization by State Statute		254,660		254,660			
Streets		72,854		72,854			
Unassigned		191,038		191,038			
Total Fund Balances		518,552		518,552			
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	582,510	\$	582,510			

TOWN OF WARRENTON, NORTH CAROLINA BALANCE SHEET

EXHIBIT 3

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2012

Am (Ex

mounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets exhibit 1) are different because:	
Total equity and other credits (Exhibit 4)	\$ 518,552
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	114,607
Other long-term assets (accrued interest receivable from taxes) are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred.	12,844
Liabilities for earned but deferred revenues in fund statements.	49,041
Some liabilities, including bonds payable and accrued interest, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the fund statements	(145,792)
Net assets of governmental activities (Exhibt 1)	\$ 549,252

TOWN OF WARRENTON, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	GENERAL FUND	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2012
REVENUES:		
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 444,754	\$ 444,754
Other taxes and licenses	154,926	154,926
Restricted intergovernmental	73,848	73,848
Unrestricted intergovernmental	86,752	86,752
Permits and fees	3,491	3,491
Sales, services and fees	181,595	181,595
Investment earnings	123	123
Total Revenues	945,489	945,489
EXPENDITURES Current:		
General government	155,808	155 000
Public safety		155,808
Economic & Physical development	485,520	485,520
Transportation	145,856	145,856
Environmental protection	90,845	90,845
Debt service	90,843	90,043
Principal	58,508	58,508
Interest	6,882	6,882
Total Expenditures	943,419	943,419
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Installment purchase obligations issued		
Sale of capital assets	2,013	2,013
Transfers	33,147	33,147
Total other financing sources (uses)	35,160	35,160
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	37,230	37,230
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING, AS RESTATED	481,322	481,322
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 518,552	\$ 518,552

TOWN OF WARRENTON, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit 4)		\$ 37,230
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.		
Capital Outlay Depreciation Expense	(53,051)	
Depreciation Expense	(33,031)	(53,051)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current		(,,
financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds		
Change in Deferred Revenue		(8,902)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Long-Term Debt Issued Repayment of Principal of Long-Term Debt	- 58,508	
Repayment of Principal of Long-Term Debt	36,306	58,508
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the		20,200
use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		5,398
Total changes in net assets of governmental acitivities		\$ 39,183

TOWN OF WARRENTON, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

		Ger	eral Fund	Variance
	Original	Final	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES:	\$ 438,601	\$ 438,601	\$ 444.754	¢ (152
Ad valorem taxes Other taxes and licenses	\$ 438,601 160,270	\$ 438,601 160,270	\$ 444,754 154,926	\$ 6,153 (5,344)
Restricted intergovernmental	79,656	79.656	73,848	(5,808)
Unrestricted intergovernmental	97,400	97,400	75,646 86,752	(10,648)
Permits & fees	18,639	18,639	3,491	(15,148)
Sales, services and fees	180,370	180,370	181,595	1,225
Investment earnings	200	200	123	(77)
investment earnings			123	
Total Revenues	975,136	975,136	945,489	(29,647)
EXPENDITURES				
General government	151,890	173,416	155,808	17,608
Public safety	547,021	547,021	485,520	61,501
Transportation	135,254	154,852	145,856	8,996
Environmental protection	110,618	91,715	90,845	870
Debt service				
Principal	51,688	51,688	58,508	(6,820)
Interest	8,438	8,438	6,882	1,556
Total Expenditures	1,004,909	1,027,130	943,419	83,711
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURE	(29,773)	(51,994)	2,070	54,064
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Installment purchase obligations issued	_	-	-	-
Sale of capital assets	-	-	2,013	2,013
Transfers	29,773	33,476	33,147	(329)
Fund Balance appropriated		18,518		(18,518)
Total other financing sources (uses)	29,773	51,994	35,160	(16,834)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ -	\$ -	37,230	\$ 37,230
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING, AS RESTAT	ED		481,322	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING			\$ 518,552	

TOWN OF WARRENTON, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	ENTERPRISE FUNDS								
	****					TOTAL			
	WASTEWATER TREATMENT FUND		WATER & SEWER FUND		JUNE 30, 2012				
ASSETS:									
CURRENT ASSETS									
Cash and Investments Accounts receivable (net) Inventory	\$	55,090	\$	381,557 110,374 54,905	\$	381,557 165,464 54,905			
Total current assets		55,090	-	546,836		601,926			
NONCURRENT ASSETS Land and construction in progress		-		56,550		56,550			
Other capital assets net of depreciation		20,400	-	3,887,377		3,907,777			
Total noncurrent assets		20,400		3,943,927		3,964,327			
Total assets	\$	75,490	\$	4,490,763	\$	4,566,253			
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY:									
CURRENT LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable Accrued payroll Accrued expenses	\$	1 4,275 163	\$	39,596 5,443 402	\$	39,597 9,718 565			
Retirement payable Due to other funds Current portion of accrued vacation pay Current portion of long-term debt		196,496 12,626		2,691 45,331		196,496 15,317 45,331			
Total current liabilities		213,561		93,463		307,024			

EXHIBIT 6

TOWN OF WARRENTON, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

		ENTERPRISE FUNDS							
	TR	STEWATER EATMENT FUND	V	VATER & SEWER FUND		TOTAL JUNE 30, 2012			
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES		2.550				2.550			
Accrued vacation pay		2,550		2,550 78,056					
Customer deposits Long-term Portion of debt		_		62,379					
Long term rotation of deat				62,379		02,377			
Total noncurrent liabilities		2,550		140,435		142,985			
Total liabilities		216,111		233,898		450,009			
NET ASSETS Invested in capital assets, net of									
related debt		20,400		3,836,217		3,856,617			
Unrestricted		(161,021)		420,648		259,627			
Total net assets	\$	(140,621)	\$	4,256,865	\$	4,116,244			

TOWN OF WARRENTON, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	ENTERPRISE FUNDS					
	WASTEWATER TREATMENT FUND		WATER & SEWER FUND		JUNE 30, 2012	
OPERATING REVENUES						
Charges for services	\$	258,515	\$	1,026,274	\$	1,284,789
Total operating revenues		258,515		1,026,274		1,284,789
OPERATING EXPENSES Administration Water and sewer operations Water collection and treatment Depreciation		247,961 - 212,487 6,441		209,529 436,786 - 257,360		457,490 436,786 212,487 263,801
Total		466,889		903,675	-	1,370,564
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(208,374)		122,599		(85,775)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Miscellaneous Proceeds of sale of equipment Interest earned Interest paid		29,289		127 2,188 645 (5,793)		29,416 2,188 645 (5,793)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		29,289		(2,833)		26,456
NET INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS		(179,085)		119,766		(59,319)
Capital Contribution Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds		222,175 (33,147)		68,260 - (222,175)		68,260 222,175 (255,322)
Change in net assets		9,943		(34,149)		(24,206)
NET ASSETS, BEGINNING, AS RESTATED		(150,564)		4,291,014		4,140,450
TOTAL NET ASSETS, ENDING	\$	(140,621)	\$	4,256,865	\$	4,116,244

TOWN OF WARRENTON, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES ENTERPRISE FUNDS							
						TOTALS		
	WASTEWATER TREATMENT FUND			WATER & SEWER FUND	JUNE 30, 2012			
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:				_		_		
Cash received from customers	\$	229,670	\$	1,028,436	\$	1,258,106		
Cash paid for goods and services		(295,985)		(527,546)		(823,531)		
Cash paid to employees		(164,302)		(160,622)		(324,924)		
Customer deposits returned		-		8,303		8,303		
Net Cash Provided (Used) By								
Operating Activities		(230,617)		348,571		117,954		
Cash Flows from Noncapital						<u> </u>		
Financing Activities:								
Due to (from) other funds		10,002		-		10,002		
Transfers from other funds		222,175		-		222,175		
Transfers to other funds		(33,147)		(222,175)		(255,322)		
Total Cash Flows From Noncapital								
Financing Activities		199,030		(222,175)		(23,145)		
Cash Flows from Capital and								
Related Financing Activities:								
Acqusition and construction								
of fixed assets		(12,672)		(111,178)		(123,850)		
Proceeds of sale of equipment				2,188		2,188		
State grants		_		68,260		68,260		
Principal paid on debt		_		(43,514)		(43,514)		
Interest paid on debt		_		(5,793)		(5,793)		
Installment obligations Issued		_		-		-		
Miscellaneous		29,289		127		29,416		
Net Cash Provided (Used) for Capital and								
Related Financing Activities		16,617		(89,910)		(73,293)		
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:								
Interest on investments		_		645		645		
Net Cash Flows from								
Investing Activities		_		645		645		
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and								
Cash Equivalents		(14,970)		37,131		22,161		
Cash and Cash Equivalents -		,,,,,		,		, -		
Beginning of the Year		14,970		344,426		359,396		
Cash and Cash Equivalents -		,		- ,				
End of the Year	\$	-	\$	381,557	\$	381,557		

TOWN OF WARRENTON, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

		BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES ENTERPRISE FUNDS								
					TOTALS					
	WASTEWATER TREATMENT FUND		WATER & SEWER FUND		JUNE 30, 2012					
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities:										
Operating Income Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	\$	(208,374)	\$	122,599	\$	(85,775)				
Depreciation Change in assets and liabilities:		6,441		257,360		263,801				
Accounts receivable Inventory Accounts payable & other liabilities Customer deposits Accrued vacation		(28,845) - 1,492 - (1,331)		2,162 (43,525) 3,813 8,303 (2,141)		(26,683) (43,525) 5,305 8,303 (3,472)				
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	\$	(230,617)	\$	348,571	\$	117,954				



I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Town of Warrenton conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The Town of Warrenton is a municipal corporation that is governed by an elected mayor and a sevenmember council. These financial statements include only the Town of Warrenton, as there were no component units required to be included.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about primary government and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and proprietary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies result from non-exchange transactions. Other non-operating revenues are ancillary activities such as investment earnings.

The Town reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, State grants, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for general government, public safety, street maintenance and construction, and sanitation services.

The Town reports the following major enterprise funds:

Enterprise Fund - Enterprise Funds account for those operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The Town of Warrenton has two Enterprise Funds: Water and Sewer Fund and Wastewater Treatment Fund.

The Town operates the regional wastewater treatment plant under an agreement with Warren County. The operating costs are shared with the Town of Norlina and Warren County.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods

in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Town also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water and sewer system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad-valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as a revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of January 1, 1993, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in altered procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, Warren County is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts in the County, including the Town of Warrenton. For motor vehicles registered under the staggered system, property taxes are due the first day of the fourth month after the vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they become due. Therefore, the City's vehicle taxes for vehicles registered in Warren County from March 2011 through February 2012 apply to the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. Uncollected taxes that were billed during this period are shown a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred revenues.

Sales taxes collected and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as utilities franchise tax are held by the State at year-end on behalf of the Town are recognized as revenue. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Grant revenues which are unearned at year-end are recorded as unearned revenues. Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the Town's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues

As permitted by generally accepted accounting principles, the Town has elected to apply only applicable FASB Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989 that do not

contradict GASB pronouncements in its accounting and reporting practices for its proprietary operations

D. <u>Budgetary Data</u>

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund and the Enterprise Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal-year end. Project ordinances are adopted for the Grant Projects, Special Revenue and Capital Projects Fund, which are consolidated with the operating funds for reporting purposes. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds and at the project level for the multi-year funds. Amendments are required for any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund or that change functional appropriations by more than \$2,500. The governing board must approve all amendments. During the year, several immaterial amendments to the original budget were necessary. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

E. ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY

1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Town of Warrenton are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law [G. S. 159-31]. The Town may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings and loan association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30 (c)] authorizes the Town to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT).

The Town's investments are reported at fair value as determined by quoted market prices. The securities of the NCCMT Cash Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a7) money market mutual fund, are valued at fair value, which is the NCCMT's share price. The NCCMT Term Portfolio's securities are valued at fair value. Money market investments that have a remaining maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less are reported at amortized cost.

In accordance with State law, the Town has invested in securities which are callable and which provide for periodic interest rate increases in specific increments until maturity. These investments are reported at fair value as determined by quoted market prices.

2. <u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u>

The Town pools money form several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

3. Restricted Assets

The unexpended bond proceeds of Water and Sewer Fund serial bonds issued by the Town are classified as restricted assets for the enterprise fund because their use is completely restricted to the purpose for which the bonds were originally issued. Customer deposits held by the Town before any services are supplied are restricted to the service for which the deposit was collected. There were no outstanding Water and Sewer Fund Serial bonds at June 30, 2012.

Powell bill funds are classified as restricted cash because it can be expended only for the purposes of maintaining, repairing, constructing, reconstructing or widening of local streets per G.S. 136-41.1 through 136-41.4

4. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the Town levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1(lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2011. As allowed by State law, the Town has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes that are paid prior to the due date. In the Town's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

5. Allowance For Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

6. Inventory and Prepaid Items

The inventories of the Town are valued at cost (first-in, first-out), which approximates market. The Town's Enterprise Fund inventory consists of materials and supplies held for subsequent use. The cost of these inventories are expensed when consumed rather than when purchased.

7. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Minimum capitalization costs are as follows: land, buildings, improvements, equipment, vehicles, substations, lines, and other plant and distribution systems, \$5,000; infrastructure, \$50,000. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimate Useful Lives
Buildings	40
Infrastructure	50
Improvements	15
Vehicles	5
Furniture and equipment	7-10
Computer equipment	3

8. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method that approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures

9. Compensated Absences

The vacation policy of the Town provides for the accumulation of up to 30 days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned, with the exception of law enforcement officers, where there is no limit on the amount of accumulation. For the Town's proprietary funds, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are

recorded within the funds as the leave is earned. The City has assumed a last-in, first-out method of using accumulated compensated time. The portion of that time that is estimated to be used in the next fiscal year has been designated as a current liability in the government-wide financial statements

The Town's sick leave policy provides for a maximum accrual of sick leave of 30 days. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Town has no obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave had been made.

10. Net Assets / Fund Balances

Net Assets

Net assets in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net assets represent constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through state statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of three classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute – portion of fund balance that is restricted by State Statute (G.S. 159-8(a)).

Restricted for Streets – Powell Bill portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill funds.

Unassigned fund balance – the portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

The Town of Warrenton has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Town Administrator will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local non-town funds, town funds. For purposes of fund balance classification expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed inorder by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Town Administrator has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the Town.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Deficit in Fund Balance or Net Assets of Individual Funds

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, the Wastewater Treatment Fund had a deficit in Net Assets of \$140,621. This will be addressed in fiscal year 2012-2013.

B. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, the expenditures made in the Town's General Fund exceeded the authorized appropriations made by the governing board for debt service by \$5,264. This over-expenditure occurred because a loan was budgeted according to the way it has been paid in the past and broken down between the general fund and the enterprise funds. This however, was the final year of the payment and the enterprise fund did not have a remaining loan balance as high as the appropriated amount. Management and the Board will more closely review the budget reports to ensure compliance in future years.

III. <u>DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS</u>

A. Assets

1. Deposits

All the deposits of the Town are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Town's agents in these units' names. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's agents in their names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the Town under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for undercollaterization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Town has no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2012, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$ 604,384 and a bank balance of \$467,876. Of this bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder was covered by collateral held under the pooling method. At June 30, 2012, the Town's petty cash fund totaled \$156.

2. <u>Investments</u>

As of June 30, 2012, the Town of Warrenton had \$41,414 invested with the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Cash Portfolio which carried a credit risk rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The Town has no policy regarding credit risk.

3. <u>Receivables</u>

The amounts presented in the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net assets are as follows:

FUND	6/30/2012	
General Fund:		
Taxes Receivable	\$ 49,041	
Receivable from the County	2,487	
Accounts Receivable	25,133	
Franchise Tax Receivable	18,987	
Accrued Interest Receivable	12,844	
Grant Receivable	11,003	
Sales Tax Receivable	14,966	
Total General Fund		\$ 134,461
Enterprise Fund:		
Accounts receivable		165,464
Total All Funds		<u>\$ 299,925</u>

4. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset activity for the Primary Government for the year ended June 30, 2012 was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Transfers	Decreases	Ending Balances
Governmental activities	<u>=</u>				<u>=</u>
Capital assets not being					
depreciated:	Ф. 1.000				Ф. 1.000
Land	\$ 1,000				\$ 1,000
Capital Assets being					
depreciated:					
Buildings	24,111				24,111
Equipment	147,261				147,261
Vehicles	415,736		<u>6,500</u>		422,236
Total assital assata bains					
Total capital assets being	587,108		6,500		502 609
depreciated Less accumulated	367,106		0,300		593,608
depreciation for:					
_					
Buildings	17,933	409			18,342
Equipment	119,768	7,022			126,790
Vehicles	282,749	<u>45,620</u>	<u>6,500</u>		334,869
Total accumulated					
depreciation	420,450	53,051	6,500		480,001
Total capital assets being					
depreciated, net	<u>166,658</u>				113,607
Government activity	44.55 .550				* 444 50 5
capital assets, net	\$ <u>167,658</u>				<u>\$ 114,607</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows

General government	\$ 409
Public Safety	39,564
Transportation	 13,078
Total depreciation expense	\$ 53,051

Business-type activities Enterprise Fund: Capital assets not being depreciated:	Beginning <u>Balances</u>	<u>Increases</u>	Transfers	<u>Decreases</u>	Ending <u>Balances</u>
Land	\$ 5,250				\$ 5,250
Construction in progress	<u>118,123</u>	100,231		167,054	51,300
Total assets not Being depreciated	123,373	100,231		167,054	56,550
Capital Assets being depreciated:					
Building renovations	160,232				160,232
Improvements	0	167,054			167,054
Furniture & Equipment	292,322	23,619			315,941
Vehicles	203,950		(6,500)		197,450
Water & Sewer lines	<u>5,263,471</u>				5,263,471
Total capital assets being					
depreciated	5,919,975	190,673	6,500		6,104,148
Less accumulated					
depreciation for:					
Building renovations	18,252	4,006			22,258
Improvements Furniture & Equipment	173,900	4,448 23,725			4,448 197,625
Vehicles	127,947	20,679	(6,500)		142,126
Water & Sewer Lines	1,618,971	210,943	(0,500)	_	1,829,914
Total accumulated		=,			-,==,==
depreciation	1,939,070	263,801			2,196,371
Total capital assets being					
depreciated, net	3,980,905				3,907,777
Enterprise Fund capital assets, net	<u>\$ 4,104,278</u>				\$ 3,964,327

Construction commitments

The government has active construction projects as of June 30, 2012. At year-end, the government's commitments with contractors are as follows:

			Remaining
D	Project	Spent-to-date	Commitment
В.	Water and Sewer Projects	51,300	448,700

Liabilities

1. Pension Plan Obligations

a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The Town of Warrenton contributes to the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS provides retirement and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Local Governmental employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the state of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Plan members are required to contribute six percent of their annual covered salary. The Town is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. For the Town, the current rate for employees engaged in law enforcement is 11.46% and 6% respectively, of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of members and of the Town of Warrenton is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. The Town's contributions to LGERS for the years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$15,655, \$15,719 and \$12,908, respectively. The contributions made by the Town equaled the required contributions for each year.

b. Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

1. Plan Description.

The Town of Warrenton administers a public employee retirement system (the "Separation Allowance"), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the Town's qualified sworn law enforcement officers. The Separation Allowance is equal to .85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service.

The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

All full-time law enforcement officers of the Town are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2011, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	0
Terminated plan members entitled	
to but not yet receiving benefits	1
Active plan members	<u>4</u>
Total	5

A separate report was not issued for the plan.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Basis of Accounting. The Town has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Method Used to Value Investments. No funds are set aside to pay benefits and administration costs. These expenses are paid as they come due.

3. Contributions.

The Town is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the pay benefit payments and administration costs on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. The Town's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. There were no contributions made by employees.

The Town has chosen not to have an actuarial study performed because the liability is considered to be immaterial.

c. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description. The Town contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the Town. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

Funding Policy. Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the Town to contribute each month an amount equal to 5% of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2012 were \$ 6,720.

d. Simple IRA

Effective July 1, 2008, the Town set up a Simple IRA for employees not in law enforcement. For those employees who participate in the Simple IRA plan, the Town provides a 3% match. Retirement expense for the Town for the Years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010, was \$11,197, \$11,180 and \$10,955, respectively.

2. Deferred Revenues / Unearned Revenues

Taxes Receivable

The balance in deferred / unearned revenues at year-end is composed of the following elements:

<u>Deferred Revenue</u> \$49,041

Risk Management

3.

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town participates in three self-funded risk financing pools administered by the North Carolina League of Municipalities. Through these pools, the Town obtains general liability and auto liability coverage of \$1 million per occurrence, property coverage up to the total insurance values of the property policy, workers' compensation coverage up to statutory limits, and employee health coverage up to a \$1 million lifetime limit. The pools are reinsured through commercial companies for single occurrence claims against general liability, auto liability and property in excess of \$500,000 and \$300,000 up to statutory limits for workers' compensation. The pools are reinsured for annual employee health claims in excess of \$150,000. The property liability pool has an aggregate limit for the total property losses in a single year, with the reinsurance limit based upon a percentage of the total insurance values.

The Town carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The Town has made the decision not to purchase flood insurance at this time. The Town does not deem the risk of flooding to outweigh the cost of insurance.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the Town's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the Town's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The Town Administrator is bonded for \$50,000 and the Town Clerk is bonded for \$50,000. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded for \$5,000 each.

4. <u>Claims, Judgments and Contingent Liabilities</u>

According to the Town's attorney, there are no suits pending against the Town that would materially affect the financial statements.

5. Long-Term Obligations

a. Capital Leases

The Town has entered into agreements to lease certain equipment. The lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception.

An agreement was executed on October 24, 2004 for \$60,165 to lease a backhoe and leaf machine. This agreement requires 7 annual payments of \$9,920.60, including interest at 3.72% per annum. This lease was paid off in the current fiscal year.

An agreement was executed on March 22, 2007 for \$143,000 to purchase new sewer lines. This agreement requires fifteen annual payments of \$12,834.61, including interest at 3.97% per annum.

An agreement was executed on July 15, 2008 for \$76,000 to purchase a police car, a tractor, and a bush hog. This agreement requires four annual payments of \$20,597.84, including interest at 3.31% per annum.

An agreement was executed on August 5, 2009 for \$50,885 to purchase 2 police cars. This agreement requires three annual payments of \$18,280.68, including interest at 3.84% per annum.

An agreement was executed on November 20, 2009 for \$26,535.73 to purchase a police car. This agreement requires three annual payments of \$9,469.70, including interest at 3.49\$ per annum.

An agreement was executed on January 28, 2010 to purchase two Ford trucks. This agreement requires three annual payments of \$21,604.50, including interest at 3.96% per annum.

An agreement was executed on October 20, 2010 to purchase a leaf collection truck. This agreement requires five annual payments of \$11044.60, including interest at 3.73% per annum.

An agreement was executed on October 20, 2010 to purchase a Ford F250 truck. This agreement requires three annual payments of \$10,905.18, including interest at 3.58% per annum.

The following is an analysis of the assets recorded under capital leases at June 30, 2012:

			AC	cumurated			
Classes of Property	<u>Cost</u>		Depreciation		Net Book Value		
Vehicles	\$	256,148	\$	152,214	\$	103.934	
Equipment	\$	101.785	\$	46.186	\$	55.599	

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these lease payments as of June 30, 2012 were as follows:

YEAR ENDING JUNE 30	GENERAL LONG- TERM DEBT	WATER AND SEWER FUND
2013	55,480	49,259
2013	16,915	17,869
2014	16,914	6,964
	,	*
2016	16,914	6,965
2017	5,870	10,491
2018-2022	29,346	31,294
Total minimum lease payments	141,439	122,842
Less: amount representing interest	(16,379)	(15,132)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 125,060	\$ 107,710

b. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

	(General				(General		
	Lo	ong-term				Lo	ong-term		
		Debt					Debt	(Current
		Balance					Balance	Po	rtion of
	•	<u>7-1-11</u>	Additions	Reti	irements	<u>(</u>	<u>5-30-12</u>	В	alance
Governmental activities:									
Capital Lease	\$	183,568		\$	58,508	\$	125,060	\$	50,544
Compensated absences Governmental activity	_	22,496	18,350		23,165	_	17,681	_	17,681
long-term liabilities	\$	206,064	\$ 18,350	\$	81,673	\$	142.741	\$	68,225
Business-type activities:									
Capital Lease	\$	151,224		\$	43,514	\$	107,710	\$	45,331
Compensated absences		21,339	11,845		15,317		17,867		15,317
Total business-type									
activities	\$	172,563	<u>\$ 11,845</u>	\$	58,831	\$	125,577	\$	60,648

C. Internal Balances and Activity

Balances Due to/from Other Funds

Balances due to/from other funds at June 30, 2012, consist of the following:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	<u>Amount</u>	Reason
General Fund	Wastewater Fund	196,496	Loan

Transfers to/from Other Funds:

Transfers to/from other funds at June 30, 2012, consist of the following:

<u>From</u>	<u>To</u>	<u>Amount</u>	Reason
Wastewater Fund	General Fund	\$ 33,147	Operating transfer
Water Sewer	Wastewater Fund	\$ 222,175	Operating transfer

III. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

The Kerr-Tarr Council of Government is a voluntary association of five county and 15 city and town governments, including the Town of Warrenton, established to coordinate federal and State projects of a planning nature in the five county area in central North Carolina. Each county, city, and town appoints one member to the Council's governing body and his governing body selects the management and determines the budget and financing requirements of the Council. The Town contributed \$ 371 to the Council during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012.

IV. RESTATEMENT

In prior years, accrued salaries had not been recorded since they were not material. However, this fiscal year an accrual was recorded. It was deemed necessary to restate fund balance in order to record an accrual for payroll salaries for the prior year.

	Fund Balance as originally reported June 30, 2011	Restatement	Fund Balance as restated June 30, 2012
General Fund	488,486	(7,164)	481,322
Wastewater Treatment			
Fund	(147,617)	(2,947)	(150,564)
Water & Sewer Fund	4,293,108	(2,094)	4,291,014

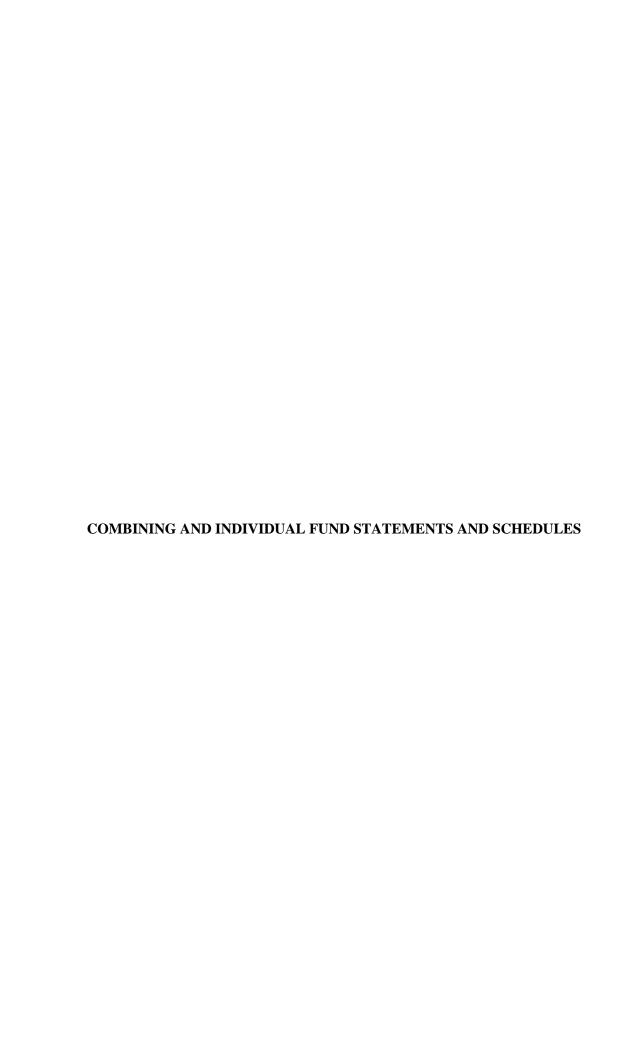
V. <u>SUMMARY DISCLOSURE OF SIGNIFICANT CONTING</u>ENCIES

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The Town has received proceeds from State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreement. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

VI. SIGNIFICANT EFFECTS OF SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Town has evaluated events and transactions that occurred between June 30, 2012 and October 29, 2012, which is the date that the financials were available to be issued, for possible recognition or disclosure in the financial statements.



GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	2012							2011
	E	BUDGET	A	CTUAL	PC	RIANCE OSITIVE GATIVE)	A	CTUAL
REVENUES								
Ad valorem taxes								
Taxes	\$	437,601	\$	441,480	\$	-	\$	438,574
Penalties and interest		1,000		3,274				1,192
Total		438,601		444,754		6,153		439,766
Other taxes and licenses:								
Local option sales taxes		143,500		146,550				144,416
ABC revenue		13,020		6,421				13,806
Privilege licenses		3,750		1,955				3,218
Total		160,270		154,926		(5,344)		161,440
Unrestricted intergovernmental								
revenues								
Utility franchise tax		81,100		75,885				89,215
Beer and wine tax		-		3,743				4,028
Sales tax refund		14,500		5,028				-
Motor fuels tax refunds		1,800		2,096				1,859
Total		97,400		86,752		(10,648)		95,102
Restricted intergovernmental revenues								
"State Street Aid" grant		26,980		27,085				27,475
Police CHRP grant		47,676		46,763				33,009
N C Highway safety grant		5,000		´ -				5,425
Total		79,656		73,848		(5,808)		65,909
Permits and fees								
Cable T.V. Franchise		1,339		501				1,531
Auto tags		<i>-</i>		40				´ -
Code enforcement		5,000		2,025				-
Parking enforcement		12,000		485				9,494
Zoning fees		300		440				205
Total	\$	18,639	\$	3,491	\$	(15,148)	\$	11,230

GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

				2012				2011
		BUDGET	A	CTUAL	PO	ARIANCE OSITIVE GGATIVE)	ACTUAL	
Sales and Services								
Contract maintenance	\$	150	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Landfill Fees		112,000		148,272				140,243
Cell tower rent		15,840		15,840				17,160
Household debris fee		42,880		-				-
Miscellaneous		9,500		17,483				12,926
Total		180,370		181,595		1,225		170,329
Investment earnings								
General Fund		200		123				190
Total		200		123		(77)		190
Total revenues	\$	975,136	\$	945,489	\$	(29,647)	\$	943,966

GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

			2012				2011
		BUDGET	 ACTUAL		RIANCE OSITIVE GATIVE)	ACTUAL	
EXPENDITURES							
General Government Governing Body Salaries Operating Expenses Total	\$	1,500 1,207 2,707	\$ 1,625 1,493 3,118	\$	(411)	\$	1,500 805 2,305
Administration		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	 ,			-	,
Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenditures Administrative fee paid by Water and Sewe	:	136,653 85,896 (51,840)	134,051 69,748 (51,109)				114,265 69,291 (49,569)
Total		170,709	152,690		18,019		133,987
Total general government		173,416	 155,808		17,608		136,292
Public Safety Police							
Salaries and employee benefits Capital outlay		352,320	283,285				292,053
Other operating expenditures Total		113,599 465,919	127,141 410,426		55,493		174,759 466,812
Fire							
Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenditures Total		9,852 71,250 81,102	 5,190 69,904 75,094		6,008		67,985 67,985
Total public safety	\$	547,021	\$ 485,520	\$	61,501	\$	534,797

GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

				2012				2011
	в	JDGET	A	ACTUAL		RIANCE SITIVE GATIVE)	ACTUAL	
Transportation and Utilities								
Street Repair and Construction								
Salaries and employee benefits Capital outlay	\$	57,440	\$	57,162			\$	48,429 49,639
Operating expenses		97,412		88,694				54,231
Total		154,852		145,856		8,996		152,299
Total transportation and								
utilities		154,852		145,856		8,996		152,299
Environmental Protection Sanitation								
Salaries and employee benefits		54,348		53,416				68,309
Other operating expenditures Landfill Fees		37,367		37,429				35,675
Total		91,715		90,845		870		103,984
Total environmental								
protection		91,715		90,845		870		103,984
Debt Service								
Principal		51,688		58,508				69,475
Interest		8,438		6,882		(5.5.1)		7,845
Total		60,126		65,390		(5,264)		77,320
Total expenditures		1,027,130		943,419		83,711		1,004,692
Revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	(51,994)	\$	2,070	\$	54,064	\$	(60,726)

GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

		2	2012				2011
	BUDGET	ACTUAL		VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)		A	CTUAL
Other Financing Sources (uses) Installment Purchase Obligations Issued	_		_		_		49,543
Sale of capital assets	-		2,013		2,013		-
Transfers	33,476		33,147		(329)		28,972
Fund balance appropriated	18,518				(18,518)		<u> </u>
Total other financing							
sources (uses)	51,994		35,160		(16,834)		78,515
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES							
AND OTHER USES	\$ -		37,230	\$	37,230		17,789
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING, AS RESTAT	ED		481,322				470,697
FUND BALANCE, ENDING		\$	518,552			\$	488,486

WASTEWATER TREATMENT FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

(With Comparative Actual Totals for the Year Ended June 30, 2011

		2012		2011
REVENUES:	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	ACTUAL
Charges for services:				
Wastewater Treatment	\$ 304,663	\$ 258,515	\$ (46,148)	\$ 265,142
wastewater Treatment	Ψ 304,003	Ψ 230,313	ψ (+0,1+0)	Ψ 203,142
Total operating revenues	304,663	258,515	(46,148)	265,142
NONOPERATING REVENUES				
Miscellaneous	12,000	29,289	17,289	28,054
Total Nonoperating Revenues	12,000	29,289	17,289	28,054
Total Revenues	316,663	287,804	(28,859)	293,196
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Salaries and benefits	184,550	164,302	20,248	218,037
Audit	6,000	5,890	110	5,842
Telephone and postage	5,000	4,576	424	4,851
Freight	3,800	4,878	(1,078)	3,204
Office supplies	1,600	1,304	296	1,180
Light and Heat	52,000	50,708	1,292	49,550
Materials and supplies	51,700	50,911	789	46,103
Vehicle maintenance	2,500	2,506	(6)	2,433
Certified lab expense	3,200	2,477	723	2,321
Truck expense	6,000	6,500	(500)	6,416
Insurance and bonds	28,329	26,476	1,853	27,127
Equipment and plant maintenance	60,000	45,708	14,292	31,361
Uniforms	5,500	4,414	1,086	4,480
Sludge hauling	75,000	58,660	16,340	47,161
Kerr-Pamlico Basin Association	1,000	2,934	(1,934)	-
Permits & Fees	7,000	3,603	3,397	5,374
Beaver control	2,000	2,000	-	2,000
OSHA Compliance	600	1,610	(1,010)	107
Lab Analysis	18,500	16,585	1,915	15,982

WASTEWATER TREATMENT FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

(With Comparative Actual Totals for the Year Ended June 30, 2011

		2012		2011
			VARIANCE	
	BUDGET	ACTUAL	POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	ACTUAL
Miscellaneous	9,999	2,197	7,802	2,864
Installment financing payments	-	-,-,-	-	-,
Capital outlay	-	12,672	(12,672)	7,300
Contingency	10,000	-	10,000	-
Contract maintenance	4,400	2,209	2,191	2,819
Continuing education	500		500	105
Total	539,178	473,120	66,058	486,617
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer to General Fund Transfer to Capital Projects Transfer from Water Fund Fund balance appropriated	(29,773) 252,288	(33,147) - 222,175	(33,147) 29,773 (30,113)	(28,972) - 215,139 0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	222,515	189,028	(33,487)	186,167
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenses	\$ -	\$ 3,712	\$ 3,712	\$ (7,254)
Reconciliation of modified accrual basis to	full accrual basis:			
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expendit	tures	3,712		(7,254)
Payments to Wastewater		<u>-</u>		-
Capital Outlay		12,672		7,300
Principal retirements		- (6 AA1)		(5.625)
Depreciation		(6,441)		(5,625)
Net Income		\$ 9,943		\$ (5,579)

WATER AND SEWER FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

		2012		2011
	-		VARIANCE	
	BUDGET	ACTUAL	POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	ACTUAL
REVENUES:				
Charges for services:				
Water and sewer sales	\$ 1,062,893	\$ 1,020,955	\$ (41,938)	\$ 1,032,780
Water and sewer taps	7,000	5,304	(1,696)	13,007
Capital reserve revenue	0	15	15	3,733
Total operating revenues	1,069,893	1,026,274	(43,634)	1,049,520
NONOPERATING REVENUES				
Miscellaneous Revenue	800	127	673	758
Interest earned	100	645	545	583
Total nonoperating revenues	900	772	1,218	1,341
Total Revenues	1,070,793	1,027,046	(42,416)	1,050,861
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Salaries and benefits	156,343	160,622	(4,279)	122,134
Water purchases	207,900	203,660	4,240	193,985
Administrative fee	48,150	51,109	(2,959)	49,569
Audit	6,000	5,891	109	5,842
Equipment maintenance	34,300	13,623	20,677	18,128
Water tank maintenance	16,191	14,685	1,506	14,174
Building maintenance	800	2,098	(1,298)	636
Contracted services	45,000	35,375	9,625	33,822
Insurance and bonds	31,127	29,291	1,836	27,916
Group insurance	33,157	28,284	4,873	23,407
Departmental supplies & materials	60,460	28,046	32,414	57,789
Telephone and postage	11,500	10,215	1,285	9,738
Freight	1,500	1,754	(254)	2,372
Office supplies	8,000	6,832	1,168	2,985
Lights & heat	10,750	7,399	3,351	8,743
Advertising	-	2,057	(2,057)	-
Miscellaneous	1,500	6,315	(4,815)	7,924
Truck expense	14,282	21,038	(6,756)	16,848
Continuing Education	2,000	2,171	(171)	1,209
Contingency	16,108	-	16,108	-
Travel	600	688	(88)	97
Installment financing payments	50,296	43,514	6,782	45,665
Capital Outlay	28,800	10,947	17,853	53,107
Envirolink	12,500	12,000	500	11,619
Dues & permits	5,900	3,162	2,738	3,920
Total	\$ 803,164	\$ 700,776	\$ 102,388	\$ 711,629

WATER AND SEWER FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

		2012		2011
	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	ACTUAL
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfer to Wastewater Fund	(261,836)	(222,175)	39,661	(215,139)
Interest Expense	(5,793)	(5,793)	-	(6,307)
Proceeds of capital lease	-	2.100	2.100	30,505
Proceeds of sale of equipment Fund balance appropriated		2,188	2,188	
Total Financing Sources (Uses)	(267,629)	(225,780)	39,661	(190,941)
Total Expenditures	1,070,793	926,556	142,049	902,570
Revenues and other sources				
over (under) expenditures	\$ -	100,490	\$ 100,490	148,291
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified to full accrual basis:	d accrual)			
Revenues and other Sources				
over Expenditures and other uses Budgetary Appropriations:		100,490		148,291
Capital Outlay Transfer to Water & Sewer Capital Project Water & Sewer Capital Projects	es	111,178		241,981
revenues over (under) expenditures		(31,971)		(7,543)
Principal Retirements		43,514		45,665
Proceeds of capital lease		-		(30,505)
Transfer to Wastewater Depreciation		(257,360)		(243,282)
Net Income		\$ (34,149)		\$ 154,607

TOWN OF WARRENTON, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

From Inception and For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30 2012

					Α	CTUAL			VA	ARIANCE
	P	ROJECT		PRIOR	CU	URRENT	TO	OTAL TO	P	OSITIVE
	AUTH	ORIZATION	3	YEARS		YEAR	DATE		(NEGATIVE)	
Revenues:										
North Carolina Rural Economic										
Development Center Inc:										
Ridgeway Street Sidewalk	\$	119,359	\$	96,038	\$	12,260	\$	108,298	\$	(11,061)
Norwood Cummings		56,000		-		56,000		56,000		-
Sewer System Rehab		250,000		-		-		-		(250,000)
Total Revenues		425,359		96,038		68,260		164,298		(261,061)
Expenditures:										
Ridgeway Sidewalk Project		119,359		96,713		14,341		111,054		8,305
Norwood Cummings		56,000		_		56,000		56,000		-
Sewer System Rehab		500,000		21,410		29,890		51,300		448,700
Total Expenditures		675,359		118,123		100,231		218,354		457,005
Revenues over (under) Expenditures		(250,000)		(22,085)		(31,971)		(54,056)		195,944
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfer from General Fund		-		27,889		_		27,889		27,889
Transfer from Water & Sewer Funds		-		94,067		-		94,067		94,067
Transfer from Waste Water Treatmen		-		58,231		-		58,231		58,231
Transfer from Special Revenue Fund		-		(3,397)		_		(3,397)		(3,397)
Installment purchase obligation issued		250,000		-		_		-		(250,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		250,000		176,790		-		176,790		(73,210)
Revenues & Other Sources										
Over (Under) Expenditures and										
Other Uses	\$		\$	154,705	\$	(31,971)	\$	122,734	\$	122,734



EXHIBIT C-1

TOWN OF WARRENTON, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF AD VALOREM TAXES RECEIVABLE

June 30, 2012

FISCAL YEAR	BA	DLLECTED LANCE 2 30, 2011	AΓ	ADDITIONS		COLLECTIONS		TEMENTS & JSTMENTS	UNCOLLECTED BALANCE June 30, 2012		
2011 - 2012	\$	-	\$	443,820	\$	423,272	\$	-	\$	20,548	
2010 - 2011		36,333				14,208		12,170		9,955	
2009 - 2010		4,547				2,124		-		2,423	
2008 -2009		3,699				1,168		-		2,531	
2007 - 2008		2,667				112		-		2,555	
2006 - 2007		2,229				109		-		2,120	
2005 - 2006		2,447				109		1		2,337	
2004 - 2005		2,293				109		15		2,169	
2003 - 2004		1,832				89		165		1,578	
2002 - 2003		1,672				89		-		1,583	
2001 - 2002		1,331				90		(1)		1,242	
	\$	59,050	\$	443,820	\$	441,479	\$	12,350	\$	49,041	

Reconcilement with revenues:

Total Taxes Collected Interest Collected	\$ 444,753 (3,274)
Ad-Valorem Taxes Collected	\$ 441,479

TOWN OF WARRENTON, NORTH CAROLINA ANALYSIS OF CURRENT TAX LEVY June 30, 2012

					Total Levy		
Warrenton Township	Property Valuation	Town - Wide Rate per \$100	 Total Levy	E R	Property xcluding egistered Motor Vehicles]	gistered Motor ehicles
Original Levy: Property taxed at Current Year Rate Less old age exemption	\$ 65,576,786 (885,020)	0.61 0.61	\$ 400,018 (5,399)	\$	400,018 (5,399)	\$	-
Registered motor vehicles	4,314,300	0.61	 26,318		(3,399)	\$	26,318
Total Levy	69,006,066		420,937		394,619		26,318
Discoveries	4,056,066	0.61	24,742		24,742		-
Abatements	(304,754)	0.61	(1,859)		(1,859)		
Total Property Valuation	\$ 72,757,378		443,820		417,502		26,318
Less: Uncollected Tax at June 30, 2012			 (20,548)		(16,634)		(3,914)
Current Year Taxes Collected			\$ 423,272	\$	400,868	\$	22,404
Current Levy Collection %			 95.37%		96.02%		85.13%



Winston, Williams, Creech, Evans, & Company, LLP

Certified Public Accountants



James P. Winston II, CPA Gary L. Williams, CPA Carleen P. Evans, CPA

Jennifer T. Reese, CPA Curtis G. Van Horne, CPA Cathy E. McKinley, CPA Tara H. Roberson, CPA David B. Jernigan, CPA

Report on Compliance and On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based On An Audit of financial Statements Performed In Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Honorable Mayor and Board of Commissioners Town of Warrenton

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town of Warrenton, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprises the Town of Warrenton's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 29, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Town of Warrenton's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Warrenton's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as described in the schedule of findings and responses, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A control deficiency exists when designed or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Town's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the Town's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the Town's internal control. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses to be significant deficiency, or

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combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the Town's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, of the significant deficiencies described above, we consider 12-1, 12-2 and 12-3 as material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Warrenton's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 12-1, 12-2, and 12-3.

The Town's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. We did not audit the Town's response and accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, others within the entity, members of the Town Council, and Federal and State awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Winston, Williams, Creech, Evans & Co., LLP October 24, 2012

TOWN OF WARRENTON SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

A. Summary of Auditor's Results

B.

<u>Finan</u>	cial Statements						
Туре	Type of auditor's report issued: Unqualified						
Interr	Internal control over financial reporting:						
Mate	rial weakness(es) identified?No						
_	ficant Deficiency(s) identified that are not considered material weaknessYesx_None reported						
Nonc	ompliance material to financial statemenYesx_No						
Finan	cial Statement Findings						
12-1	Segregation of Duties						
	MATERIAL WEAKNESS						
	Criteria: Duties should be segregated to provide reasonable assurance that transactions are handled appropriately.						
	Condition: There is a lack of segregation of duties amount Town personnel.						
	Effect: Transactions could be mishandled.						
	Cause: There are a limited number of personnel for certain functions.						
	Recommendation: The duties should be separated as much as possible, and alternative controls should be used to compensate for lack of segregation. The governing board should provide some of these controls.						
	Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions: The Town agrees with this finding.						
12-2	Preparation of Financial Statements						
	MATERIAL WEAKNESS						
	Criteria: Management staff should have adequate knowledge to be able to prepare the financial statements to ensure material errors are detected.						
	Condition: There is limited knowledge of management staff in preparation of						

the Town's financial statements.

TOWN OF WARRENTON SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Effect: Financial statements could be presented with material misstatements.

Cause: Management has limited knowledge regarding GAAP and its application to the financial statements.

Recommendation: Management should obtain additional training to become proficient with the rules of GAAP and its application to the financial statements.

Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions: The Town agrees with this finding. Additional training will be sought for management personnel.

12-3 Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

MATERIAL WEAKNESS

Criteria: management staff should have adequate knowledge to maintain expenditures within budgeted amounts.

Condition: There was an are of significant expenditure over the budgeted amount.

Effect: The Town's fund balance could fall lower than anticipated.

Cause: Budget to actual amounts were not examined on an ongoing monthly basis.

Recommendation: Management should compare budget to actual expenditures on a monthly basis.

Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions: The Town agrees with this finding. Additional testing will be performed each month.

TOWN OF WARRENTON CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

MATERIAL WEAKNESS

12-1 Segregation of Duties

Name of Contact Person: Bettie Davis, Town Clerk

Corrective Action: The duties will be separated as much as possible and alternative controls will be used to compensate for lack of separation. The governing board will become more involved in providing some of these controls.

Proposed Completion Date: The Board will implement the above procedure immediately.

MATERIAL WEAKNESS

12-2 Preparation of financial Statements

Name of Contact Person: Bettie Davis, Town Clerk

Corrective Action: Management personnel will obtain additional training to enhance their knowledge of GAAP and the preparation of the financial statements.

Proposed Completion Date: The management personnel will obtain additional training during fiscal year 12-13.

MATERIAL WEAKNESS

12-3 Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

Name of Contact Person: Bettie Davis, Town Clerk

Corrective Action: Mangement will compare actual expenditures to budgeted amounts on a monthly basis.

Proposed Completion Date: Management will impelment this procedure immediately.

TOWN OF WARRENTON SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Finding 11-1:
The Town continues to try to keep duties separated among personnel as much as possible.
Finding 11-2:

The Town continues to try to obtain additional knowledge concerning preparation of financial statements.

Finding 11-3:

Prior Year Audit Findings:

Financial Statement Audit Findings

The Town continues to monitor the budget on a monthly basis to make sure that expenditures do not exceed budget appropriations.